

2021 Effective Practices for Student Success, Retention, and Completion Report



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Management Practices for Optimizing Student Success, Retention, and Completion Management Practices for Optimizing Student Success, Retention, and Completion Technology Using retention management software to track retention Using income student assessment to identify students' needs Using assessment to determine student satisfaction Using a predictive model to predict the likelihood of an incoming student persisting to degree completion New Strategies General Trend of Cohort Graduation Rate What Guides Retention Planning Efforts? Written plan guides institution's efforts aimed at student success, retention, and completion Practice of annually creating or updating a written plan Quality of your student success, retention, and completion plan Student Success, Retention, and Completion Committee Role of committee Quality of your student success, retention, and committee Chief Retention Officer Influence of Performance-Based Funding? Appendices Top General Strategies and Tactics for Student, Success, Retention, and Completion To General Strategies and Tactics for Student, Success, Retention, and Completion	3
Top Programs and Strategies Targeted to Specific Populations to Increase Student Success, Retention, and Completion	4
Management Practices for Optimizing Student Success, Retention, and Completion	5
Technology	6
Using retention management software to track retention	6
Using income student assessment to identify students' needs	6
Using assessment to determine student satisfaction	6
Using a predictive model to predict the likelihood of an incoming student persisting to degree completion	6
New Strategies	7
General Trend of Cohort Graduation Rate	7
What Guides Retention Planning Efforts?	8
Quality of your student success, retention, and completion plan	8
Chief Retention Officer	10
Influence of Performance-Based Funding?	11
Appendices	12
Top General Strategies and Tactics for Student, Success, Retention, and Completion	12
Top Programs and Strategies Targeted to Specific Populations to Increase	10
·	
About This Study	

Most Widely Used Strategies and Tactics for Student Success, Retention, and Completion

FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Academic support (e.g., learning center, math lab, tutoring)	100%
Mandatory first-year experience or orientation course	87%
Student success coaching	83%
Individualized academic recovery plan for students on probation or suspension	80%
Student life program supporting student success	76%

FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Academic support (e.g., learning center, math lab, tutoring)	98%
Student success coaching	85%
Student life program supporting student success	81%
Individualized academic recovery plan for students on probation or suspension	73%
Intentional post-enrollment communications at key intervals to impact student retention	70%

TWO-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS				
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING			
Academic support (e.g., learning center, math lab, tutoring)	100%			
Required developmental education courses	85%			
Co-requisite courses designed to accelerate the developmental completion pathway	79%			
Student success coaching	78%			
Individualized academic recovery plan for students on probation or suspension	72%			

Most Widely Used Programs and Strategies Targeted to Specific Populations to Increase Student Success, Retention, and Completion

FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Programs designed specifically for first-year students (e.g., orientation for first-year students, a first-year experience program)	91%
Honors programs for academically advanced students	71%
Programs designed specifically for students who are at risk academically	64%
Programs designed specifically for international students	50%

FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Programs designed specifically for first-year students (e.g., orientation for first-year students, a first-year experience program)	90%
Programs designed specifically for students who are at risk academically	75%
Honors programs for academically advanced students	74%
Programs designed specifically for international students	64%
Programs designed specifically for veterans	61%

TWO-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Programs designed specifically for first-year students (e.g., orientation for first-year students, a first-year experience program)	70%
Honors programs for academically advanced students	50%
Programs designed specifically for online learners	45%
Programs designed specifically for veterans	41%

Management Practices for Optimizing Student Success, Retention, and Completion

FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Using student satisfaction assessment data to make changes to address attrition	89%
Assessing what's important to your currently enrolled students to help ensure their satisfaction and success	88%
Development of faculty skills in instruction	87%
Setting measurable goals to improve the retention rate from term-to-term or year-to-year	86%
Tracking persistence and progression patterns, term by term, for all students who matriculate	86%

FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Tracking retention rates for specific academic programs	91%
Identifying courses with high withdrawal and/or failure rates	89%
Identifying courses that are more difficult or less difficult to complete	88%
Tracking persistence and progression patterns, term by term, for all students who matriculate	88%
Setting measurable goals to improve the retention rate from term-to-term or year-to-year	86%

TWO-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING
Development of faculty skills in instruction	93%
Using student satisfaction assessment data to make changes to address attrition	90%
Setting measurable goals to improve the retention rate from term-to-term or year-to-year	88%
Tracking retention rates for specific academic programs	88%
Identifying courses with high withdrawal and/or failure rates	86%

Technology

Percentage of institutions using retention management software to track retention

Four-year private

35%

Four-year public

47%

Two-year public

35%

TOP FUNCTIONALITIES OF THE PLATFORM



Assessment of student needs



Appointment scheduling



Advising



Communication with students



arly-aler= system=

Percentage of institutions using incoming student assessment to identify students' needs

Four-year private

48%

Four-year public

44%

Two-year public

30%

Percentage of institutions using assessment to determine student satisfaction

Four-year private

78%

Four-year public

64%

Two-year public

75%

Percentage of institutions using a predictive model to predict the likelihood of an incoming student persisting to degree completion

Four-year private

31%

Four-year public

39%

Two-year public

27%

New Strategies

Given the disruption caused by the pandemic, RNL updated this edition of the poll to ask about new student success strategies that were developed or expanded in the past year. Not surprisingly, virtual and tech-enabled strategies dominated the responses.

STRATEGY	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
Virtual student life programs and activities	69%	81%	60%
Virtual career services programs	67%	75%	68%
Virtual faculty advising	43%	44%	35%
HyFlex courses	33%	44%	43%
Asynchronous tutoring	33%	40%	35%
Virtual group advising	19%	33%	35%

General Trend of Cohort Graduation Rate

Four-year institutions: First-time, full-time freshmen who completed a four-year degree within six years. **Two-year institutions**: First-time, full-time freshmen who completed a two-year degree within three years.

INCREASE/DECREASE	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE		FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC			TWO-YEAR PUBLIC			
	2021	2019	2017	2021	2019	2017	2021	2019	2017
Increased 10 percentage points or more	0.0%	2.9%	1.3%	3.2%	4.2%	0.0%	4.9%	4.7%	0.0%
Increased 5 to 9.9 percentage points	5.9%	9.6%	6.6%	14.5%	6.9%	7.4%	12.2%	9.4%	27.3%
Increased 1 to 4.9 percentage points	30.7%	33.7%	43.4%	29.0%	36.1%	33.3%	31.7%	32.8%	27.3%
Remained stable (within +/-1 percentage points)	44.6%	43.3%	36.8%	38.7%	37.5%	48.1%	39.0%	42.2%	42.4%
Decreased 1 to 4.9 percentage points	13.9%	9.6%	6.6%	11.3%	11.1%	11.1%	12.2%	10.9%	3.0%
Decreased 5 to 9.9 percentage points	5.0%	1.0%	2.6%	3.2%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Decreased 10 percentage points or more	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

What Guides Retention Planning Efforts?

	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
Institutional strategic plan	69%	57%	65%
Strategic enrollment plan	14%	25%	30%
Neither	17%	18%	5%

Percentage of institutions where a written plan guides efforts aimed at student success, retention, and completion

Four-year private : Four-year public : Two-year public

55% **63**% **68**%

How many institutions create or update their written plan annually?

FOU	R-YEAR PRI	VATE	FOU	IR-YEAR PUI	BLIC	TW	O-YEAR PUE	BLIC
2021	2019	2017	2021	2019	2017	2021	2019	2017
2021	2019	2017	2021	2019	2017	2021	2019	2017
76%	49%	51%	65%	55%	67%	77%	55%	54%

Quality of your student success, retention, and completion plan

QUALITY	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
Excellent	18%	10%	16%
Good	61%	57%	63%
Fair	18%	32%	19%
Poor	3%	2%	2%

Student Success, Retention, and Completion Committee

Respondents who indicated a committee leads and coordinates efforts for student success, retention, and completion.

Four-year private : Four-year public

70% 70% 73%

Two-year public

Role of committee

Respondents who had a committee were asked to choose the best response from the three options below to describe the role of their committee for student success, retention, and completion.

COMMITTEE ROLE	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
The committee gathers and shares informati that affect multiple areas of campus.	on 22 %	25%	19%
The committee is charged to make recommendations that affect multiple areas of campus.	59%	54%	51%
The committee is empowered to make decisions that affect multiple areas of campu	us. 19%	21%	30%

Quality of your student success, retention, and committee

QUALITY	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
Excellent	27%	15%	30%
Good	50%	66%	57%
Fair	22%	19%	11%
Poor	1%	0%	2%

Chief Retention Officer

How many institutions have an individual position charged with leading and coordinating activities for getting results in the areas of student success, retention, and completion?

Four-year private : Four-year public : Two-year public

Which office does the chief retention officer report to?

CRO REPORTS TO	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
President	18%	10%	44%
Academic affairs	46%	41%	14%
Student affairs	18%	18%	21%
Enrollment management	13%	25%	0%

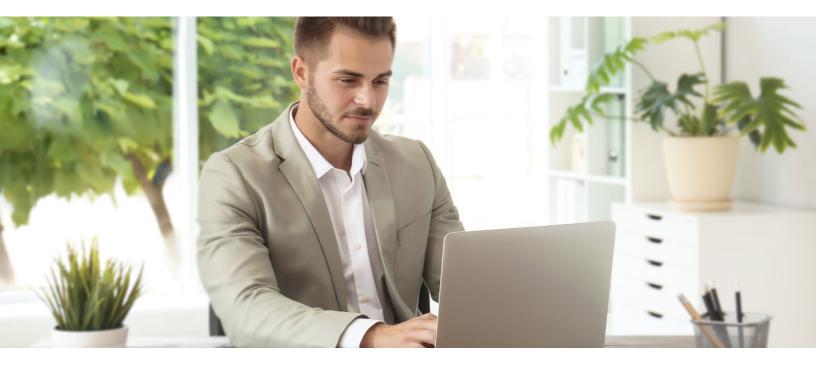
Quality of your chief retention officer

QUALITY	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
Excellent	35%	31%	42%
Good	50%	51%	47%
Fair	14%	18%	7%
Poor	1%	0%	5%

Influence of Performance-Based Funding?

Respondents were asked to indicate if their institutions' attention to student success, retention, and/or completion has been influenced by performance-based funding.

PERFORMANCE-BASED FUNDING	FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC
Yes , performance-based funding has influenced us to pay more attention to these areas.	18%	47%	51%
No , performance-based funding has not influenced us to pay more attention to these areas.	82%	53%	49%



Appendices

Top General Strategies and Tactics for Student, Success, Retention, and Completion

Sorted by percentage of institutions using the practice.

FOUR-YEAR	PRIVATE INS	TITUTIONS			
CTDATECY/TACTIC		Strategy is very effective or effective. (only out of those institutions using the strategy)			
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING	ONLINE	TRADITIONAL/ ON CAMPUS	HYBRID	
Academic support (e.g., learning center, math lab, tutoring)	100%	81%	99%	92%	
Mandatory first-year experience or orientation course	87%	86%	98%	87%	
Faculty advising, one-on-one	84%	87%	99%	86%	
Student success coaching (internal)	83%	87%	97%	93%	
Giving students practical work experiences in their intended major (e.g., internships, volunteer work, experiential learning, service learning)	83%	80%	99%	87%	
Providing each student with an academic plan/ roadmap of courses	81%	89%	93%	86%	
Individualized academic recovery plan for students on probation or suspension	80%	76%	93%	88%	
Congratulating, alerting, and nudging system (early alert system)	80%	89%	94%	95%	
Student life program supporting student success	76%	81%	94%	90%	
Use of social media to engage students post enrollment	76%	89%	87%	85%	
Advising by professional staff, one-on-one	73%	97%	97%	93%	
Interviews or surveys with students who are withdrawing, before they leave	71%	76%	74%	78%	
Using on-campus student employment as a strategy to engage/retain students	67%	67%	91%	83%	
Peer mentoring	66%	88%	94%	95%	
Providing career services during students' first year to help students see the connection between coursework and careers	66%	85%	92%	90%	
Explicit diversity, equity, and inclusion strategies	65%	58%	85%	80%	

FOUR-YE	AR PRIVATE IN	STITUTIONS		
STRATECY/TACTIC		Strategy is very effective or effecti (only out of those institutions using the st		
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING	ONLINE	TRADITIONAL/ ON CAMPUS	HYBRID
Financial aid and scholarships aimed at retention for specific populations	65%	92%	96%	88%
Intentional post-enrollment communications at key intervals to impact student retention	65%	87%	86%	80%
Advising specifically for students approaching graduation to ensure they are on track	64%	98%	100%	92%
Required developmental education courses	61%	72%	93%	76%
Providing career services during students' second year to help students see the connection between coursework and careers	60%	88%	91%	92%
Training residence hall staff to recognize at-risk students	59%	82%	95%	81%
Orientation program targeted to transfer students	52%	80%	91%	81%
Supplemental instruction	51%	88%	96%	85%
Financial literacy programs to assist students and parents with managing their personal finances	43%	75%	85%	75%
Learning communities	42%	82%	93%	84%
Co-requisite courses designed to accelerate the developmental completion pathway	38%	76%	89%	88%
Providing guided pathways with fewer course options to keep students moving to graduation	37%	85%	86%	86%
Communication plan for recruit-back purposes for students who have left	36%	64%	76%	78%
Summer bridge program	35%	83%	97%	91%
Orientation program targeted to adult students	28%	86%	95%	67%
Please list any other effective practice not mentioned above	19%	67%	100%	100%
Student success coaching (outsourced)	10%	100%	100%	100%
Digital badging	10%	63%	71%	71%
Digital diaries	6%	100%	100%	100%

FOUR-YE	AR PUBLIC IN	STITUTIONS		
STRATEGY/TACTIC		_	y is very effective o of those institutions us	
STRATEGI/TACTIC	USING	ONLINE	TRADITIONAL/ ON CAMPUS	HYBRID
Advising specifically for students approaching graduation to ensure they are on track	100%	100%	100%	100%
Academic support (e.g., learning center, math lab, tutoring)	98%	84%	100%	94%
Congratulating, alerting, and nudging system (early alert system)	98%	98%	92%	94%
Advising by professional staff, one-on-one	93%	93%	100%	93%
Providing each student with an academic plan/roadmap of courses	93%	93%	100%	94%
Use of social media to engage students post enrollment	89%	89%	81%	85%
Providing guided pathways with fewer course options to keep students moving to graduation	88%	88%	89%	77%
Student success coaching (internal)	85%	82%	98%	93%
Providing career services during students' second year to help students see the connection between coursework and careers	83%	83%	90%	80%
Providing career services during students' first year to help students see the connection between coursework and careers	82%	82%	93%	80%
Student life program supporting student success	81%	64%	96%	79%
Faculty advising, one-on-one	77%	77%	98%	97%
Giving students practical work experiences in their intended major (e.g., internships, volunteer work, experiential learning, service learning)	77%	77%	96%	91%
Using on-campus student employment as a strategy to engage/retain students	74%	74%	100%	87%
Individualized academic recovery plan for students on probation or suspension	73%	70%	92%	88%
Communication plan for recruit-back purposes for students who have left	73%	73%	72%	65%
Intentional post-enrollment communications at key intervals to impact student retention	70%	91%	88%	89%
Financial aid and scholarships aimed at retention for specific populations	68%	87%	97%	96%
Mandatory first-year experience or orientation course	68%	80%	98%	97%
Peer mentoring	68%	83%	100%	91%

FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Strategy is very effective or effective. (only out of those institutions using the strategy) STRATEGY/TACTIC TRADITIONAL/ **ONLINE USING HYBRID** ON CAMPUS 53% 89% Learning communities 68% 77% 82% 89% 89% Supplemental Instruction 67% Please list any other effective practice not 67% 100% 100% 67% mentioned above. Explicit diversity, equity, and inclusion strategies 64% 63% 95% 84% 87% 90% 93% Orientation program targeted to transfer students 62% Required developmental education courses 61% 58% 83% 71% 60% 60% 67% 67% Digital badging Co-requisite courses designed to accelerate 57% 74% 97% 89% the developmental completion pathway Financial literacy programs to assist students and 56% 70% 89% 75% parents with managing their personal finances Training residence hall staff to recognize 56% 56% 97% 85% at-risk students Summer bridge program 48% 65% 93% 91% Interviews or surveys with students who 46% 69% 79% 71% are withdrawing, before they leave 70% 77% 67% Orientation program targeted to adult students 26% Student success coaching (outsourced) 10% 60% 60% 60% Digital diaries 6% 50% 67% 67%

TWO-YE	AR PUBLIC INS	STITUTIONS		
STDATECY/TACTIC			y is very effective o	
STRATEGY/TACTIC	USING	ONLINE	TRADITIONAL/ ON CAMPUS	HYBRID
Academic support (e.g., learning center, math lab, tutoring)	100%	85%	98%	97%
Advising by professional staff, one-on-one	94%	94%	94%	94%
Required developmental education courses	85%	81%	97%	90%
Congratulating, alerting, and nudging system (early alert system)	83%	83%	83%	83%
Providing each student with an academic plan/roadmap of courses	83%	83%	83%	83%
Co-requisite courses designed to accelerate the developmental completion pathway	79%	78%	97%	93%
Student success coaching (internal)	78%	81%	97%	97%
Individualized academic recovery plan for students on probation or suspension	72%	74%	83%	77%
Mandatory first-year experience or orientation course	72%	89%	91%	89%
Student life program supporting student success	71%	60%	87%	77%
Giving students practical work experiences in their intended major (e.g., internships, volunteer work, experiential learning, service learning)	70%	70%	70%	70%
Providing guided pathways with fewer course options to keep students moving to graduation	68%	68%	68%	68%
Use of social media to engage students post enrollment	65%	65%	65%	65%
Financial aid and scholarships aimed at retention for specific populations	64%	93%	93%	94%
Providing career services during students' first year to help students see the connection between coursework and careers	64%	64%	64%	64%
Explicit diversity, equity, and inclusion strategies	62%	69%	85%	90%
Supplemental Instruction	61%	80%	96%	86%
Faculty advising, one-on-one	58%	58%	58%	58%
Providing career services during students' second year to help students see the connection between coursework and careers	55%	55%	55%	55%
Financial literacy programs to assist students and parents with managing their personal finances	54%	72%	76%	84%

TWO-YEAR	R PUBLIC INST	HUTIONS					
STRATEGY/TACTIC		Strategy is very effective or effective. (only out of those institutions using the strate					
STRATEGI/TACTIC	USING	ONLINE	TRADITIONAL/ ON CAMPUS	HYBRID			
Using on-campus student employment as a strategy to engage/retain students	53%	53%	53%	53%			
Intentional post-enrollment communications at key intervals to impact student retention	52%	85%	80%	80%			
Advising specifically for students approaching graduation to ensure they are on track	48%	48%	48%	48%			
Interviews or surveys with students who are withdrawing, before they leave	40%	53%	87%	79%			
Communication plan for recruit-back purposes for students who have left	40%	40%	40%	40%			
Peer mentoring	34%	86%	80%	90%			
Learning communities	33%	67%	69%	70%			
Orientation program targeted to adult students	29%	85%	90%	90%			
Summer bridge program	27%	100%	90%	100%			
Orientation program targeted to transfer students	23%	89%	86%	86%			
Digital badging	21%	21%	21%	21%			
Training residence hall staff to recognize at-risk students	12%	12%	12%	12%			
Please list any other effective practice not mentioned above.	8%	8%	8%	8%			
Student success coaching (outsourced)	7%	100%	100%	100%			
Digital diaries	7%	100%	100%	100%			

Top Programs and Strategies Targeted to Specific Populations to Increase Student Success, Retention, and Completion

Sorted by percentage of institutions using the practice.

FOUR-	YEAR PRIVATE I	NSTITUTIONS		
PROGRAMS DESIGNED			y is very effective o of those institutions us	
SPECIFICALLY FOR:	USING	ONLINE	TRADITIONAL/ ON CAMPUS	HYBRID
First-year students (e.g., orientation for first-year students, a first-year experience program)	91%	83%	96%	88%
Academically advanced students	71%	78%	93%	91%
Students who are at risk academically	64%	88%	94%	87%
International students	50%	74%	94%	81%
Online learners	39%	85%	76%	76%
First-generation students	39%	67%	97%	82%
Students who are at risk for reasons other than academics	38%	83%	88%	79%
Transfer students	37%	92%	91%	79%
Veterans	37%	93%	94%	87%
Black/African American students	36%	83%	94%	95%
Adult/nontraditional students	27%	85%	82%	79%
Latinx students	19%	83%	88%	82%
Members of LGBTQ+	19%	80%	94%	82%
Second-year students	14%	70%	100%	71%
Part-time students	13%	80%	88%	44%

FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Strategy is very effective or effective. **PROGRAMS DESIGNED** (only out of those institutions using the strategy) **SPECIFICALLY FOR:** TRADITIONAL/ ONLINE **USING HYBRID** ON CAMPUS First-year students (e.g., orientation for first-year students, a first-year experience 90% 73% 92% 85% program) **75**% 68% 88% 85% Students who are at risk academically 74% 79% 98% 96% Academically advanced students 100% International students 64% 79% 100% 90% 90% Veterans 61% 100% Transfer students 58% 71% 81% 68% Black/African American students 54% 64% 94% 84% 50% 67% 93% 89% First-generation students Students who are at risk for reasons 62% 81% 74% 48% other than academics Members of LGBTQ+ 45% 82% 91% 92% Online learners 43% 96% 67% 80% Latinx students 42% 68% 87% 88% Adult/nontraditional students 22% 78% 50% 67% 83% 60% Part-time students 15% 86% Second-year students 9% **75**% **75**% 75%

TWO-	YEAR PUBLIC IN	ISTITUTIONS		
PROGRAMS DESIGNED			gy is very effective o t of those institutions us	
SPECIFICALLY FOR:	USING	ONLINE	TRADITIONAL/ ON CAMPUS	HYBRID
First-year students (e.g., orientation for first-year students, a first-year experience program)	70%	79%	89%	83%
Academically advanced students	50%	82%	89%	87%
Online learners	45%	94%	71%	92%
Veterans	41%	85%	100%	100%
Students who are at risk for reasons other than academics	33%	91%	100%	90%
Students who are at risk academically	29%	78%	100%	100%
First-generation students	28%	78%	100%	100%
Transfer students	22%	100%	100%	100%
Black/African American students	22%	100%	100%	100%
International students	22%	71%	100%	100%
Part-time students	18%	100%	100%	100%
Adult/nontraditional students	13%	100%	100%	100%
Latinx students	13%	100%	100%	100%
Members of LGBTQ+	11%	100%	100%	100%
Second-year students	9%	50%	100%	100%

Management Practices for Optimizing Student Success, Retention, and Completion

Sorted alphabetically by answer.

FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS											
		USED		2021 EFF	ECTIVENESS F	RATING		R SOMI			
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	VERY EFFECTIVE	SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017		
Assessing what's important to your currently enrolled students to help ensure their satisfaction and success	88%	83%	94%	27%	53%	20%	80%	78%	77%		
Benchmarking performance against peer institutions (e.g., retention and completion rates)	77%	83%	86%	12%	58%	30%	70%	63%	66%		
Building agreement among faculty, staff, and administration regarding retention and college completion concerns	77%	79%	N/A	19%	53%	28%	72%	67%	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in advising	73%	N/A	N/A	21%	43%	36%	64%	N/A	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in instruction	87%	N/A	N/A	25%	54%	21%	79%	N/A	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in student engagement	74%	N/A	N/A	15%	52%	33%	67%	N/A	N/A		
Faculty mentor program to strengthen the skills of new, continuing, or adjunct faculty	60%	66%	65%	22%	49%	28%	72%	72%	65%		
Identifying courses that are more difficult or less difficult to complete	75%	86%	82%	35%	45%	20%	80%	81%	88%		
Identifying courses with high withdrawal and/or failure rates	70%	84%	84%	38%	47%	15%	85%	80%	80%		
Institution wide emphasis on the teaching of undergraduates and undergraduate learning	85%	89%	N/A	37%	49%	14%	86%	75%	N/A		
Monitoring student usage of academic support services	85%	90%	86%	22%	52%	26%	74%	78%	65%		
Required training program for adjunct faculty	57%	51%	N/A	21%	36%	43%	57%	47%	N/A		
Research into what attracted and convinced students to enroll in order to keep promises and understand expectations	62%	71%	60%	13%	44%	44%	56%	62%	72%		
Reviewing course sequences within academic programs to address attrition	66%	80%	71%	33%	46%	20%	80%	73%	78%		

FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS											
551.051.05		USED		2021 EFF	ECTIVENESS F	RATING		OR SOM			
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	VERY EFFECTIVE	SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017		
Setting measurable goals for college completion rates	82%	83%	80%	22%	53%	25%	75%	70%	75%		
Setting measurable goals for credit hours or courses completed	55%	57%	60%	20%	56%	25%	75%	58%	66%		
Setting measurable goals to improve the retention rate from term-to-term or year-to-year	86%	87%	80%	32%	46%	22%	78%	71%	83%		
Statistical modeling to predict the likelihood of an incoming student persisting to degree completion	52%	58%	54%	27%	44%	29%	71%	66%	81%		
Title III or Title V funding	52%	45%	46%	35%	41%	24%	76%	60%	69%		
Tracking credit hours attempted versus completed for each term	63%	72%	71%	23%	51%	26%	74%	75%	76%		
Tracking persistence and progression patterns, term by term, for all students who matriculate	86%	94%	82%	39%	55%	6%	94%	85%	88%		
Tracking rates of academic probation	76%	77%	83%	24%	57%	19%	81%	69%	76%		
Tracking retention rates for specific academic programs	80%	86%	82%	30%	51%	19%	81%	84%	88%		
Training in professional service skills for front-line staff, new employees, or student employees to make campus atmosphere student-centered	63%	64%	63%	20%	45%	35%	65%	57%	74%		
Using a Learning Management System (LMS) to monitor academic progress and identify at-risk students	73%	70%	63%	30%	52%	19%	81%	67%	72%		
Using an incoming student assessment to identify students' needs	63%	64%	58%	24%	45%	30%	70%	71%	82%		
Using established communication procedures to regularly communicate persistence, retention, and completion rate data throughout the campus	75%	79%	73%	22%	49%	29%	71%	52%	71%		

FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS										
DD A CTICE		USED		VERY	SOMEWHAT	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	VERY OR SOMEWHA			
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	EFFECTIVE	EFFECTIVE		2021	2019	2017	
Using retention data to shape recruitment strategies	78%	74%	76%	24%	66%	10%	90%	73%	88%	
Using retention software to help track and manage student retention	48%	52%	46%	39%	45%	16%	84%	71%	81%	
Using student engagement data to make changes to the ways faculty and staff interact with students to address attrition	59%	66%	N/A	14%	59%	27%	73%	54%	N/A	
Using student life evaluations to make changes to student life programs and services to address attrition	77%	80%	78%	16%	63%	21%	79%	76%	74%	
Using student satisfaction assessment data to make changes to address attrition	89%	89%	91%	25%	51%	25%	75%	73%	87%	

	FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS										
DDACTICE	USED			2021 EFF	2021 EFFECTIVENESS RATING			VERY OR SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE			
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	VERY EFFECTIVE	SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017		
Assessing what's important to your currently enrolled students to help ensure their satisfaction and success	85%	81%	81%	31%	44%	25%	75%	66%	64%		
Benchmarking performance against peer institutions (e.g., retention and completion rates)	83%	83%	81%	11%	52%	37%	63%	74%	55%		
Building agreement among faculty, staff, and administration regarding retention and college completion concerns	72%	81%	N/A	24%	50%	26%	74%	57%	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in advising	73%	N/A	N/A	28%	41%	30%	70%	N/A	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in instruction	86%	N/A	N/A	35%	43%	22%	78%	N/A	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in student engagement	73%	N/A	N/A	39%	28%	33%	67%	N/A	N/A		

		FOUR	-YEAR	PUBLIC INS	TITUTIONS				
DDACTICE		USED		VERY	SOMEWHAT	MINIMALLY		OR SOM FFECTIV	
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	EFFECTIVE	EFFECTIVE	EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017
Faculty mentor program to strengthen the skills of new, continuing, or adjunct faculty	66%	65%	74%	19%	55%	26%	74%	49%	55%
Identifying courses that are more difficult or less difficult to complete	88%	92%	85%	38%	40%	22%	78%	83%	91%
Identifying courses with high withdrawal and/or failure rates	89%	91%	89%	51%	20%	29%	71%	88%	96%
Institution wide emphasis on the teaching of undergraduates and undergraduate learning	78%	88%	N/A	39%	45%	16%	84%	68%	N/A
Monitoring student usage of academic support services	84%	89%	93%	19%	65%	17%	83%	72%	72%
Required training program for adjunct faculty	46%	47%	N/A	24%	48%	28%	72%	60%	N/A
Research into what attracted and convinced students to enroll in order to keep promises and understand expectations	61%	70%	81%	19%	43%	38%	62%	73%	52%
Reviewing course sequences within academic programs to address attrition	68%	80%	85%	27%	51%	22%	78%	62%	78%
Setting measurable goals for college completion rates	82%	85%	89%	26%	54%	20%	80%	81%	92%
Setting measurable goals for credit hours or courses completed	75%	73%	81%	22%	49%	29%	71%	75%	91%
Setting measurable goals to improve the retention rate from term-to-term or year-to-year	86%	89%	100%	23%	52%	25%	75%	81%	89%
Statistical modeling to predict the likelihood of an incoming student persisting to degree completion	59%	64%	78%	19%	67%	14%	86%	77%	90%
Title III or Title V funding	66%	62%	64%	41%	34%	24%	76%	76%	63%
Tracking credit hours attempted versus completed for each term	67%	83%	85%	27%	51%	22%	78%	79%	83%
Tracking persistence and progression patterns, term by term, for all students who matriculate	88%	85%	93%	40%	43%	17%	83%	81%	92%
Tracking rates of academic probation	83%	89%	89%	22%	47%	31%	69%	76%	79%

FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS											
		USED		VERY	SOMEWHAT	MINIMALLY		OR SOM			
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	EFFECTIVE	EFFECTIVE	EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017		
Tracking retention rates for specific academic programs	91%	89%	96%	44%	42%	15%	85%	78%	88%		
Training in professional service skills for front-line staff, new employees, or student employees to make campus atmosphere student-centered	60%	70%	88%	30%	43%	27%	73%	69%	50%		
Using a Learning Management System (LMS) to monitor academic progress and identify at-risk students	74%	68%	63%	33%	44%	23%	77%	70%	88%		
Using an incoming student assessment to identify students' needs	64%	58%	70%	28%	44%	28%	72%	67%	68%		
Using established communication procedures to regularly communicate persistence, retention, and completion rate data throughout the campus	72%	77%	85%	27%	48%	25%	75%	67%	52%		
Using retention data to shape recruitment strategies	78%	80%	96%	32%	53%	15%	85%	80%	88%		
Using retention software to help track and manage student retention	68%	69%	56%	55%	26%	19%	81%	84%	87%		
Using student engagement data to make changes to the ways faculty and staff interact with students to address attrition	72%	66%	N/A	17%	59%	24%	76%	69%	N/A		
Using student life evaluations to make changes to student life programs and services to address attrition	74 %	77%	80%	27%	51%	22%	78%	64%	65%		
Using student satisfaction assessment data to make changes to address attrition	77%	77%	85%	31%	40%	29%	71%	62%	61%		

TWO-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS											
		USED		2021 EFF	ECTIVENESS I	RATING		OR SOM			
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	VERY EFFECTIVE	SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017		
Assessing what's important to your currently enrolled students to help ensure their satisfaction and success	81%	79%	83%	29%	53%	18%	82%	62%	60%		
Benchmarking performance against peer institutions (e.g., retention and completion rates)	73%	86%	83%	30%	50%	20%	80%	75%	63%		
Building agreement among faculty, staff, and administration regarding retention and college completion concerns	67%	70%	N/A	39%	46%	14%	86%	62%	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in advising	57%	N/A	N/A	33%	33%	33%	67%	N/A	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in instruction	93%	N/A	N/A	32%	55%	13%	87%	N/A	N/A		
Development of faculty skills in student engagement	71%	N/A	N/A	30%	50%	20%	80%	N/A	N/A		
Faculty mentor program to strengthen the skills of new, continuing, or adjunct faculty	62%	48%	58%	19%	69%	12%	88%	52%	57%		
Identifying courses that are more difficult or less difficult to complete	78%	81%	78%	38%	47%	16%	84%	79%	82%		
Identifying courses with high withdrawal and/or failure rates	86%	83%	89%	28%	58%	14%	86%	75%	72%		
Institution wide emphasis on the teaching of undergraduates and undergraduate learning	71%	75%	N/A	24%	52%	24%	76%	69%	N/A		
Monitoring student usage of academic support services	73%	89%	74%	23%	43%	33%	67%	72%	65%		
Required training program for adjunct faculty	60%	66%	N/A	24%	40%	36%	64%	60%	N/A		
Research into what attracted and convinced students to enroll in order to keep promises and understand expectations	40%	59%	64%	18%	59%	24%	76%	54%	43%		
Reviewing course sequences within academic programs to address attrition	80%	78%	86%	39%	42%	18%	82%	82%	71%		
Setting measurable goals for college completion rates	83%	89%	86%	41%	50%	9%	91%	86%	74%		
Setting measurable goals for credit hours or courses completed	63%	76%	58%	19%	62%	19%	81%	67%	62%		

	TWO-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS											
		USED		2021 EFF	ECTIVENESS I	RATING		OR SOM				
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	VERY EFFECTIVE	SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017			
Setting measurable goals to improve the retention rate from term-to-term or year-to-year	88%	94%	86%	33%	50%	17%	83%	78%	65%			
Statistical modeling to predict the likelihood of an incoming student persisting to degree completion	45%	41%	36%	32%	47%	21%	79%	58%	54%			
Title III or Title V funding	73%	78%	76%	37%	47%	17%	83%	86%	73%			
Tracking credit hours attempted versus completed for each term	83%	86%	69%	24%	45%	30%	70%	76%	68%			
Tracking persistence and progression patterns, term by term, for all students who matriculate	80%	84%	89%	33%	61%	6%	94%	85%	78%			
Tracking rates of academic probation	63%	77%	81%	27%	35%	38%	62%	67%	48%			
Tracking retention rates for specific academic programs	88%	91%	81%	36%	53%	11%	89%	81%	79%			
Training in professional service skills for front-line staff, new employees, or student employees to make campus atmosphere student-centered	69%	86%	N/A	31%	45%	24%	76%	65%	N/A			
Using a Learning Management System (LMS) to monitor academic progress and identify at-risk students	71%	68%	67%	27%	50%	23%	77%	67%	54%			
Using an incoming student assessment to identify students' needs	43%	48%	58%	17%	44%	39%	61%	77%	57%			
Using established communication procedures to regularly communicate persistence, retention, and completion rate data throughout the campus	67%	71%	69%	29%	36%	36%	64%	64%	52%			
Using retention data to shape recruitment strategies	71%	81%	75%	41%	45%	14%	86%	73%	70%			
Using retention software to help track and manage student retention	45%	49%	44%	37%	47%	16%	84%	73%	44%			

TWO-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS										
DDACTICE		USED 2021 EFFECTIVENESS RAT				RATING	ATING VERY OR SOMEWHA			
PRACTICE	2021	2019	2017	VERY EFFECTIVE	SOMEWHAT EFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	2021	2019	2017	
Using student engagement data to make changes to the ways faculty and staff interact with students to address attrition	62%	56%	71%	15%	46%	38%	62%	58%	52%	
Using student life evaluations to make changes to student life programs and services to address attrition	50%	62%	64%	19%	38%	43%	57%	49%	74%	
Using student satisfaction assessment data to make changes to address attrition	90%	86%	89%	18%	50%	32%	68%	61%	69%	

About this study

SOURCE OF DATA AND METHODOLOGY

Data in this report reflect responses from **296** four-year and two-year colleges and universities that collectively enroll approximately **1,700,000** undergraduate students (according to data reported to IPEDS). Respondents participated in the RNL national electronic poll of Effective Practices for Student Success, Retention, and Completion between **March 8 and April 8, 2021**. The poll was emailed to student affairs, academic affairs, and retention officers at accredited, degree-granting institutions across the United States. Respondents to the poll included **132** four-year private institutions, **93** four-year public institutions, and **71** two-year institutions, as listed below.

To report the findings as accurately as possible, the rankings of effectiveness were based only on the relative effectiveness **options that were given to respondents: "very effective," "somewhat effective," and "minimally effective,"** and do not include the fourth response, **"practice not used."**

PARTICIPATING TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

Adirondack Community College (NY)

Alamo Community College District Central Office (TX)

Alexandria Technical & Community College (MN)

Cape Fear Community College (NC)

Central Maine Community College (MA)

Central Virginia Community College (VA)

Blackfeet Community College (MO) Chatfield College (OH)

Bunker Hill Community College (MA) Chippewa Valley Technical College (WI)

Two-Year Public Institutions (cont.)

Clinton Community College (NY)

College of Lake County (IL)

College of Southern Maryland (MD)

College of the Albemarle (NC)
College of Western Idaho (ID)

Collin County Community College District (TX)

Community College of Beaver County (ND)

Cowley County Community College (KS)

Danville Community College (VA)

Des Moines Area Community College (IA)

East Central College (MO)

Emory University-Oxford College (GA)

Estrella Mountain Community College (AZ)

George C Wallace Community College-Dothan (AL)

Hillsborough Community College (FL)

Hudson County Community College (NJ)

Iowa Valley Community College District (IA)

Ivy Tech Community College-South Bend (IN)

Ivy Tech Community College- Main campus (IN)

Ivy Tech Community College-Muncie (IN)

Jefferson Community College (NY)

Johnson County Community College (KS)

Kankakee Community College (IL)

Kansas City Kansas Community College (KS)

Kirkwood Community College (IA)

Lehigh Carbon Community College (PA)

Luzerne County Community College; Main campus (PA)

Luzerne County Community College; Berwick

Center (PA)

Maysville Community and Technical College;

Rowan Campus (KY)

Maysville Community and Technical College;

Main Campus (KY)

Mid-Michigan College (MI)

Middlesex County College (NJ)

Milwaukee Area Technical College (WI)

Mineral Area College (MO)

Mitchell Technical Institute (SD)

Montcalm Community College (MI)

Montgomery County Community College (PA)

New Mexico Military Institute (NM)

North Central Kansas Technical College (KS)

North Iowa Area Community College (IA)

Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College (OK)

Northwest Louisiana Technical College (LA)

Northwest Vista College (TX)

Ozarka College (AR)

Ozarks Technical Community College (MS)

Pearl River Community College (MS)

Pennsylvania Highlands Community College (PA)

Quincy College (MA)

Rockingham Community College (NC)

Saint Paul College (MO)

San Bernardino Valley College (CA)

San Diego Miramar College (CA)

Southeast Technical Institute (SD)

Southern West Virginia Community and Technical

College (WV)

St. Philip's College (TX)

State Fair Community College (MO)

Tunxis Community College (CT)

Union County College (NJ)

West Kentucky Community and Technical College (KY)

Wharton County Junior College (TX)

Tyler Junior College (TX)

PARTICIPATING FOUR-YEAR PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS

Andrew College (GA)

Assumption College (MA)

Assumption College (MA)

Atenas College (Puerto Rico)

Atenas College (Puerto Rico) Aultman College of Nursing and Health Sciences (OH)

Aultman College of Nursing and Health Sciences (OH)

Barton College (NC)

Bloomfield College (NJ)

Bluefield College (VA)

Bluefield College (VA)

Boston College (MA)

Bryant University (RI)

Bryant University (RI)

Bryn Athyn College of the New Church (PA)

Bryn Athyn College of the New Church (PA)

Cairn University-Langhorne (PA)

Cairn University-Langhorne (PA) Carolina University (NC)

Carolina University (NC) Catholic University of America (DC)

Catholic University of America (DC)

Central College (IA)

Central College (IA) Chaminade University of Honolulu (HI)
Chaminade University of Honolulu (HI) Charleston Southern University (SC)

Charleston Southern University (SC)

Claflin University (SC)

Clafke University (IA)

Clarke University (IA)

College of the Albemarle; Elizabeth city (NC)

College of the Albemarle; Elizabeth city (NC)

Columbia College Chicago (IL)

Columbia College Chicago (IL)

Compass College of Cinematic Arts (MI)

Compass College of Cinematic Arts (MI)

Cornerstone College of Virginia (VA)

Cornerstone College of Virginia (VA)

Curry College (MD)

Curry College (MD)

Davenport University; Main campus (MI)

Davenport University; Great Lakes Bay (MI)

Davenport University; Great Lakes Bay (MI)

Davenport University; Great Lakes Bay (MI)

Denver Seminary (CO)

DeSales University (PA)

Dillard University (LA)

Drake University (IA)

Drake University (IA) Duquesne University (PA)

Duquesne University (PA)

Eastern Nazarene College (MA)

Evangel University (MO)

Evangel University (MO) Excelsior College (NY)

Excelsior College (NY) Fairfield University (CT)

Fairfield University (CT)

Andrew College (GA)

Faith Bible College International (ME)

Florida Institute of Technology (FL)

Four-Year Private Institutions (cont.)

Franklin Pierce University (NH) Missouri Baptist University (MO)

Frontier Nursing University (KY) Morris College (SC)

Gallaudet University (DC) Mount St. Mary's University (MD)

Geneva College (PA)

National University (CA)

Georgian Court University (NJ)

Nebraska Methodist College of Nursing & Allied

Gods Bible School and College (OH)

Health (NE)

Gordon College (MA)

Neumann University (PA)

Goshen College (IN)

New England College of Optometry (MA)

Grace College and Theological Seminary (IN)

New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary (LA)

New School of Architecture and Design (CA)

Grantham University (KS)

Currendd Marcu Heiversity (DA)

Newberry College (SD)

Gwynedd Mercy University (PA)

Hawaii Pacific University (HI)

Newman University (KS)

Herzing University-Madison (WI)

Northwest Nazarene University (ID)

High Point University (NC)

Northwestern College (IL)

Hood College (MD)

Northwestern College (IA)

Huntington University (IN)

Notre Dame of Maryland University (MD)

Huston-Tillotson University (TX)

Oakland City University (IN)

Indiana Wesleyan University-Marion (IN)

Oberlin College (OH)

Inter American University of Puerto Rico-Ponce Oklahoma Christian University (OK)

(Puerto Rico) Oral Roberts University (OK)

Ithaca College (NY)

Ouachita Baptist University (AR)

John Brown University (AR)

Ozark Christian College (MO)

Kansas City Art Institute (MO) Pacific Lutheran University (WA)

King University (TN)

Penn View Bible Institute (PA)

Laboure College (MA) Pennsylvania College of Health Sciences (PA)

Lackawanna College (PA) Philander Smith College (AR)

Lancaster Bible College (PA) Point Park University (PA)

Lebanon Valley College (PA)

Presbyterian College (SC)

Lehigh University (PA) Rider University (NJ)

Lesley University (MA) Rocky Mountain College (MT)

Lindenwood University (MO) Russell Sage College (NY)

Livingstone College (NC)

Saint Ambrose University (IA)

Marquette University (WI) Saint Augustine's University (NC)

Medaille College (NY)

Saint Francis University (PA)

Methodist College (IL) Saint Martin's University (WA)

Four-Year Private Institutions (cont.)

Saint Norbert College (WI)

Salish Kootenai College (MT)

University of La Verne (CA)

University of Mobile (AL)

Spring Hill College (AL)

University of Northwestern-St Paul (MN)

St Lawrence University (NY)

University of Puget Sound (WA)

Syracuse University (NY) University of Saint Francis-Fort Wayne (IN)

Taylor University (IN)

University of Valley Forge (PA)

The Art Institute of Atlanta (GA)

Utica College (NY)

The Master's University and Seminary (CA) Virscend University (CA)

Toccoa Falls College (GA)

Warner Pacific University (OR)

Trinity University (TX)

Wayland Baptist University (TX)

Trocaire College (NY)

Whitworth University (WA)

William Peace University (NC)

Union Theological Seminary in the City of New York (NY) Wilson College (PA)
United Tribes Technical College (ND) Xavier University (OH)

PARTICIPATING FOUR-YEAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

Alabama A&M University (AL) Framingham State University (MA)

Alabama State University (AL) George Mason University (VA)

Austin Peay State University (TN) Georgia Institute of Technology-Main Campus (GA)

Ball State University (IN) Governors State University (IL)

Bemidji State University (MO) Great Basin College (NV)
California State University-Fresno (CA) Idaho State University (ID)

California State University-San Bernardino (CA)

Indian River State College (FL)

Central State University (OH)

Indiana University-Southeast (IN)

Citadel Military College of South Carolina (SC) Iowa State University (IA)

Clemson University (SC)

Jackson State University (MS)

Colorado State University-System Office (CO) Kean University (NJ)

Delaware State University (DE) Kent State University at Geauga (OH)

East Georgia State College (GA) Marshall University (WV)

Eastern Kentucky University (KY) Mississippi University for Women (MS)
Eastern New Mexico University-Main Campus (NM) Missouri Western State University (MO)

Elizabeth City State University (NC) Montana Technological University (MT)

Fairmont State University (WV) Morgan State University (MD)

Fort Hays State University (KS) New Jersey City University (NJ)

Four-Year Public Institutions (cont.)

Northwest Florida State College (FL)

Northwestern State University of Louisiana (LA)

Oakland University (MI)

Pennsylvania State University-Penn State Abington (PA)

Radford University (VA)

Rogers State University (OK)

Shawnee State University (OH)

Sitting Bull College (ND)

Slippery Rock University of Pennsylvania (PA)

South Dakota State University (SD)

Southern Illinois University-Edwardsville (IL)

Southern Oregon University (OR)

St. Mary's College of Maryland (MD)

State University of New York at New Paltz (NY)

SUNY College at Oswego (NY)

SUNY System Administration (NY)

Tennessee State University (TN)

Texas A&M University System; Rellis (TX)

Texas A&M University-Texarkana (TX)

The University of Alabama (AL)

The University of Montana (MT)

The University of Tennessee-Martin (TN)

The University of Texas Health Science Center at

Houston (TX)

University at Buffalo (NY)

University of Alaska Southeast (AK)

University of Arizona; University of Arizona Online (AR)

University of Arkansas (AR)

University of Arkansas at Little Rock (AR)

University of Baltimore; Robert L. Bogomolny

Library (MD)

University of California-Riverside (CA)

University of Central Missouri (MO)

University of Central Oklahoma (OK)

University of Hawaii at Hilo (HI)

University of Idaho (ID)

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign (IL)

University of Louisiana at Lafayette (LA)

University of Louisville (KY)

University of Massachusetts-Dartmouth (MA)

University of Memphis (TN)

University of Minnesota-Crookston (MN)

University of Minnesota-Twin Cities (MN)

University of Missouri-Columbia (MO)

University of Missouri-Kansas City (MO)

University of North Carolina at Pembroke (NC)

University of Northern Iowa (IA)

University of Vermont (VT)

University of Washington-Tacoma Campus (WA)

University of Wisconsin Extension (WI)

University of Wisconsin-Platteville (WI)

Virginia Commonwealth University (VA)

Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University (VA)

Washburn University (KA)

West Virginia State University (WV)

Western Kentucky University (KY)

Western Michigan University (MI)

Western Nevada College (NV)

Winona State University (MN)

ABOUT RNL

RNL is the leading provider of higher education enrollment, student success, and fundraising solutions. More than 1,900 colleges, universities, and nonprofit organizations rely on RNL for advanced analytics, personalized engagement, and industry-leading insights to achieve their missions. The firm is distinguished by its powerful portfolio of solutions focused on the entire lifecycle of enrollment and fundraising, assuring students find the right college or university, graduate on time, secure their first job, and give back to support the next generation. RNL conferences, research reports, papers, and articles help clients stay on top of current trends.

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- Predictive analytics for student retention



How to cite this report

RNL (2021). 2021 Effective Practices for Student Success, Retention, and Completion Report. Cedar Rapids, Iowa: Ruffalo Noel Levitz. Retrieved from RuffaloNL.com/RetentionPractices.

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